
2016/0215

Applicant: Mr Richard Emmott C/o M A Clynych

Description: Erection of detached agricultural workers dwelling (Resubmission)

Site Address: Land at Gunthwaite Lane, Gunthwaite, Penistone, Sheffield, S36 7GE

Gunthwaite and Ingbirchworth Parish Council have objected to the application

Site Location and Description

The application site forms part of a large farm holding at Gunthwaite to the northeast of Ingbirchworth and to the northwest of Hoylandswaine. The access is from a right angled bend in the road off Gunthwaite Lane and lies to the east of the railway line.

The existing farm comprises of a number of traditional and more modern farm buildings in a compact area with a rectangular woodland block to the north with is bounded to the east and north by the highway, Gunthwaite Lane.

The site for the proposed agricultural workers dwelling lies in the north-western corner of this woodland block, approximately 70m from the nearest ram building and approximately 150m from the existing farmhouse, in an area which currently has substantial tree cover. A large pond lies to the west of the farm complex.

One of the barns, Gunthwaite Hall barn, is a Grade I listed building, with the farm buildings listed Grade II.

The application states that Mr and Mrs Emmett run the agricultural business as a joint enterprise with their two sons. In addition to the existing farmhouse and farm buildings the agricultural enterprise extends to approximately 320 acres. Most of this is owner occupied with 60 acres rented in. The majority of land is down to support the livestock which consists of 160 Jersey dairy cows, 160 followers (young stock in a dairy herd), 60 to 70 beef cattle, 200 wintering lambs, and 20 to 30 in lamb ewes. Approximately 60-70- acres of the land is used to grow crops such as wheat and barley, whilst 30 acres is subject to an English Woodland Grant Scheme.

Planning History

2015/0475 – Erection of a new farmhouse - withdrawn

Proposed Development

The application seeks planning permission for the erection of a detached agricultural workers dwelling in the north-eastern corner of the managed woodland area. The dwelling is a single storey property with a floor area of approximately 150 square metres. Access to the site would be gained off an existing access track that links in to Gunthwaite Lane

The applicant has a Forestry Licence which has allowed the clearing of trees to create sufficient space for the dwelling. However, in order to preserve as much of the woodland area as possible the red edge boundary of the application site is tight around the building which allows only a small garden area and the access with space for parking.

The property would be constructed with natural stone walls and stone slates for the roof. Timber would be used for the windows and doors.

As the site is within the Green Belt, and the proposal is for an agricultural workers dwelling, the applicant has provided the following supporting documents:

- Planning Statement
- Heritage Statement
- Details of accounts for 2014 and 2015 for the agricultural enterprise
- An assessment on labour requirements

Policy Context

Planning decision should be made in accordance with the development plan unless material considerations indicate otherwise and the NPPF does not change the statutory status of the development plan as the starting point for decision making. The development plan consists of the Core Strategy and saved Unitary Development Plan policies. The Council has also adopted a series of Supplementary Planning Documents and Supplementary Planning Guidance Notes, which are other material considerations.

The Council has produced the Publication Consultation Document of the Local Plan. It establishes policies and proposals for the development and use of land up to the year 2033. The document is a material consideration and represents a further stage forward in the progression towards adoption of the Local Plan. As such increasing weight can be given to the policies contained within the document although this is still limited by the need to consider any comments received during the consultation and with the knowledge that the Inspector can require changes to the plan.

UDP Saved Policies

UDP Allocation – Green Belt

GS7 Development within the Green Belt

GS8B states that proposals for agricultural and forestry workers dwellings will be determined in accordance with the following principles:

- a) Agricultural and forestry workers dwellings within rural and green belt areas will only be permitted where essential need, to sustain a demonstrably viable agricultural or forestry enterprise, can be shown.
- b) Permission will not normally be granted for a new agricultural workers dwelling in cases where a farm dwelling has recently been or is separated from the agricultural land.
- c) Where new dwellings are accepted solely on the basis of an agricultural or forestry need, the size of the dwelling should be in proportion with the established functional requirement.
- d) Where new agricultural workers dwellings are permitted in the countryside they shall normally be sited directly adjacent to existing or proposed farm buildings.
- e) Where new dwellings are permitted they should be constructed using materials appropriate to the locality, to safeguard the visual amenities of the countryside.
- f) Where planning permission is granted for an agricultural or forestry workers dwelling, a condition will be imposed restricting the occupancy to a person solely or mainly working, or last working, in the location in agriculture or in forestry, or a widow or widower of such a person, and to any resident dependents
- g) Where permission is granted, on the basis of agricultural need, for an additional dwelling on a farm unit, then an occupancy condition will also be imposed on any existing dwellings

on the unit which is under the control of the applicant, and is needed at the time of the application to be used in connection with the farm.

SD1 Presumption in favour of sustainable development
GD1 General development
D1 Design
T4 New Development and Highway Improvement
Poll1 Pollution Control and Protection
HE1 The Historic Environment

Core Strategy

CSP34 Protection of Green Belt
CSP29 Design
CSP21 Rural Economy
CSP36 Biodiversity and Geodiversity

Publication Version of Local Plan

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SPDs/SPGs

The following Supplementary Planning Documents are relevant to the proposal:-

'Designing New Residential Development' sets out the standards that will apply to the consideration of planning applications for new housing development.

'Parking' states that the parking standards for new housing development shall be 1 space for dwellings under 3 bedrooms in size and 2 spaces for 3 bed dwellings and above.

The South Yorkshire Residential Design Guide has been adopted as a best practice guide by the Council and covers issues relating to sustainability, local distinctiveness and quality in design and is underpinned by the principles in the CABE 'Building for Life' scheme.

NPPF

The National Planning Policy Framework sets out the Government's planning policies for England and how these are expected to be applied. At the heart is a presumption in favour of sustainable development. Development proposals that accord with the development plan should be approved unless material considerations indicate otherwise. Where the development plan is absent, silent or relevant policies are out-of-date, permission should be granted unless any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in the Framework as a whole; or where specific policies in the Framework indicate development should be restricted or unless material considerations indicate otherwise.

In respect of this application, relevant policies include:

Para 28 – Rural areas

Para 35- Local Planning Authorities should avoid new isolated homes in the countryside unless there are circumstances such as:

- The essential need for a rural worker to live permanently at or near their place of work in the countryside

Para 80,81, and 82 – Green Belts.

Para 58 and 60 – Design Considerations

Consultations

Highways – No objections subject to conditions

Conservation Officer – Has observed that the general principle and possible harm to the setting of the listed buildings is low.

Drainage – No comments received although no objections were received to the previous application for this site

Pollution Control – No objections

Forestry Officer – Has acknowledged that the applicant has a Forestry Licence to take down the trees and as such has no further comments to make.

Contaminated Land Officer – No objections subject to informative

Historic England – No objections made and recommend that the scheme is determined in accordance with national and local policy guidance

Gunthwaite and Ingbirchworth Parish Council – Objecting on the grounds that a case has not been sufficiently made for the agricultural workers dwelling.

Representations

The application has been advertised by way of a site notice, press notice and by neighbour notification letters. No representations have been received.

Assessment

Principle of Development

The site is within an area designated as Green Belt. The erection of new residential development is usually considered inappropriate within the Green Belt unless very special circumstances exist to justify it. Whilst the NPPF has little to say in respect of agricultural dwellings, paragraph 28 generally supports economic growth in rural area and paragraph 55 states that:

“Local Planning Authorities should avoid new isolated homes in the countryside unless there are circumstances such as:

-The essential need for a rural worker to live permanently at or near their place of work in the countryside”

The NPPF does not offer any detailed guidance on how to interpret these special circumstances or how to evaluate “essential need” so in these circumstances it would be appropriate to utilise the criteria set out in UDP Policy GS8B.

The first part of the criteria under GS8B requires the applicant to show that there is an essential need for the dwelling to sustain a demonstrably viable agricultural enterprise. In this case, as has already been stated, the agriculture enterprise covers a significant area of land (320 acres). It is made up of both livestock and crop farming alongside woodland management. The applicant has submitted an assessment utilising sources such as ‘The Agricultural Budgeting and Costing Book’ and the Farm Business Survey which was carried out by DEFRA. Using these sources they have calculated the amount of labour hours required to carry out the various duties associated with the agricultural enterprise. Their calculations reveal that the labour requirements are for a permanent workforce of between 3.33 and 5.8 men to be on site. Even if we take the lower of these figures then there is considered to be a justified need for another worker, apart from Mr and Mrs Emmott who occupy the farmhouse, to be on site. In terms of whether the agricultural enterprise is viable, the accounts show that profit has been made over the past two years. In addition the agricultural enterprise originally started at the site back in 1936 and the land is registers with the Rural Payments Agency and has an agricultural holding number. As such, and notwithstanding that the NPPF does not state that the enterprise has to be economically viable, the enterprise is considered to be well established.

In terms of the second and third criterion under Policy GS8B, there has been no separation of a farm dwelling from the agricultural land and the applicant has reduced the size of the dwelling from the previous proposal. The footprint of approximately 150 square metres is consistent with the size of other agricultural workers dwellings in the borough and the dwelling being single storey ensures it remains low in scale. The scheme is therefore considered to comply with these criterion.

In terms of the fourth and fifth criterion, the dwelling itself has been sited away from the existing buildings. This would therefore be in conflict with the fourth criterion which expects that the dwellings should be near the farm buildings. However, in this case the buildings within the existing farm complex contain a Grade I and Grade II listed buildings. To place the proposed dwelling closer to these listed buildings would impact detrimentally on the setting of the listed building and would raise objections from the Council’s Conservation Officer. In this instance, therefore, it is most appropriate to position the dwelling away from the listed buildings to protect their historical significance. The dwelling itself uses natural stone for the walls and has a stone slate roof which is considered in keeping with the rural nature of the surroundings.

In terms of the fourth and fifth criterion it is considered appropriate to restrict the occupancy of both the proposed dwelling and the existing farmhouse by a suitable agricultural occupancy condition.

Given the above, it is considered that the proposal is in substantial compliance with GS8B and meets the test of the NPPF and a such is accepted in principle.

Residential Amenity

The proposed dwelling is remote from the nearest other residential property and so neighbouring amenities would not be detrimentally affected by the proposal. The scheme meets internal space standards for the occupants of the dwelling. There is ,however, limited garden area for the property. This is limited to an area to the front of the dwelling and a strip around the house. Whilst not ideal, the area to the front would be private given the lack of other housing around, and would provide some area to sit out in. Furthermore, the restriction

of the garden area does enable the limiting of the impact on the green belt and on the woodland area. As such, it is considered sufficient in this instance.

Design / Visual Amenity/Impact on Listed Buildings

The property has been designed as a single storey property to minimise its impact on the locality. It would be surrounded by woodland so would be partially screened from the majority of public views. The materials used are in keeping with the rural surroundings and as such the proposal is not considered to be of significant detriment to visual amenities or the character of the Green Belt.

As stated above the proposal does impact on the setting of Grade I and Grade II listed buildings. This is part of the reason for its position away from these protected buildings. As the dwelling has been sited away from the listed buildings, and has an intervening agricultural building and woodland area, along with the dwelling being single storey, it is considered that the impact on the setting of the historic buildings is minimal. This has been confirmed by the Council's Conservation Officer who has stated the impact would be low.

Highways

The proposal gains access off an existing access track that leads up to Gunthwaite Lane. This has been assessed by the Council's Highways Section who are satisfied that this would be adequate to serve the dwelling. Sufficient parking spaces have been provided and given that the proposal is for a single dwelling it is not considered that it would have a significant impact on the local highway network.

Trees

The applicant has been in contact with the Council's Tree Officer who has acknowledged that they have a Forestry Licence to remove the trees within the area where the dwelling is to be positioned. The area is subject to a Woodland Management Scheme and as such the Licence involves replanting around the site. Given this has been accepted under the Forestry Licence the Council's Tree Officer has no objections to the scheme on as all management of the surrounding trees would be controlled by the Licence.

Conclusion

It is considered that sufficient evidence has been provided to show that there is an essential need for an agricultural workers dwelling at this site to comply with paragraph 55 of the NPPF. This would therefore constitute the special circumstances needed for a dwelling in the Green Belt. In terms of other material considerations it is not considered that the scheme would cause any detriment to highway safety, visual amenities, or residential amenities subject to suitable conditions.

Recommendation

Approve subject to conditions

- 1 The development hereby permitted shall be begun before the expiration of 3 years from the date of this permission.

Reason: In order to comply with the provision of Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

- 2 The development hereby approved shall be carried out strictly in accordance with the plans (Drawing nos A1 and A2) and specifications as approved unless required by any other conditions in this permission.

Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with LDF Core Strategy Policy CSP 29, Design.

- 3 No development shall take place until full details of the proposed external materials have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details.

Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 29, Design.

- 4 No development shall take place until:

(a) Full foul and surface water drainage details, including a scheme to reduce maintain greenfield run off rates, and a programme of works for implementation, have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority;

(b) Porosity tests are carried out in accordance with BRE 365, to demonstrate that the subsoil is suitable for soakaways;

(c) Calculations based on the results of these porosity tests to prove that adequate land area is available for the construction of the soakaways;

Thereafter no part of the development shall be occupied or brought into use until the approved scheme has been fully implemented. The scheme shall be retained throughout the life of the development.

Reason: To ensure proper drainage of the area in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 40, Pollution Control and Protection.

- 5 No development shall take place until there has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority a plan indicating the position of boundary treatment to be erected. The boundary treatment shall be completed before the dwelling is occupied. Development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details and shall thereafter be retained.

Reason: In the interests of the visual amenities of the locality and the amenities of occupiers of adjoining property and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 29, Design.

- 6 The parking/manoeuvring facilities, indicated on the submitted plan, shall be surfaced in a solid bound material (i.e. not loose chippings) and made available for the manoeuvring and parking of motor vehicles prior to the development being brought into use, and shall be retained for that sole purpose at all times.

Reason: To ensure that satisfactory off-street parking/manoeuvring areas are provided, in the interests of highway safety and the free flow of traffic and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 26, New Development and Highway Improvement.

- 7 Development shall not commence until details for a scheme of works for resurfacing of the first 8.0m of the private access abutting the adjacent carriageway on Gunthwaite Lane has been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The approved scheme shall be completed prior to the development being brought into use and be maintained throughout the duration of the development; in accordance with the approved details.
Reason: To ensure that there is adequate provision for pedestrian and vehicular access to the site in the interests of highway safety in accordance with CSP26.
- 8 The dwelling hereby approved, and the existing farmhouse on Gunthwaite Hall Farm occupied by Mr and Mrs Emmott, shall be occupied by persons solely or mainly or last so employed locally in agriculture as defined in Section 336(1) of the Town and County Planning Act 1990, or in forestry and the dependants (which shall be taken to include a widow or widower) of such persons.
Reason: In order to comply with Saved UDP Policy GS8B and Paragraph 55 of the NPPF.
- 9 Construction or remediation work comprising the use of plant, machinery or equipment, or deliveries of materials shall only take place between the hours of 0800 to 1800 Monday to Friday and 0900 to 1400 on Saturdays and at no time on Sundays or Bank Holidays.
Reason: In the interests of the amenities of local residents and in accordance with Core Strategy Policy CSP 40, Pollution Control and Protection.